



Universidade Federal
do Rio de Janeiro

Escola Politécnica

DATA

27/04/2007

GRAUS:

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Aluno:

GABARITO — PROVA PARCIAL # 1

Disciplina:

CONTROLE LINEAR II.A

Turma:

EEL760

Professor:

JOSÉ GABRIEL R.C. GOMES

QUESTÃO # 1:

$$a) Y_{ZI}(s) = C_0 I_0 \begin{bmatrix} s-1 & 0 \\ -1 & s+1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = C_0 I_0 \begin{bmatrix} s+1 & 0 \\ 1 & s-1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{s}{s^2-1}$$

$$Y_{ZI}(s) = \frac{A}{s+1} + \frac{B}{s-1} = \frac{1/2}{s+1} + \frac{1/2}{s-1} \quad y_{ZI}(t) = \left(\frac{e^{-t} + e^t}{2} \right) u(t)$$

$$b) Y_{ZS}(s) = C_0 I_0 \begin{bmatrix} s-1 & 0 \\ -1 & s+1 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{s} = C_0 I_0 \begin{bmatrix} s+1 & 0 \\ 1 & s-1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{s(s^2-1)}$$

$$Y_{ZS}(s) = \frac{A}{s+1} + \frac{B}{s-1} + \frac{C}{s} = \frac{1/2}{s+1} + \frac{1/2}{s-1} - \frac{1}{s} \quad \left(A = \frac{1}{s(s-1)} \Big|_{s=-1} = \frac{1}{2}, \dots \right)$$

$$y(t) = y_{ZI}(t) + y_{ZS}(t) = \left(\frac{e^{-t} + e^t}{2} + \frac{e^{-t} + e^t}{2} - 1 \right) u(t); \quad y(t) = \left(1 - \frac{e^{-t} - e^t}{2} \right) u(t)$$

$$c) e = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; \quad e^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}; \quad p_2 = C_0 I_0 e^{-1} = C_0 I_0; \quad p_1 = C_0 I_0 F = C_1 I_0$$

$$\text{ENTÃO } P = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ e } T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F_{cc} = T^{-1} F T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G_{cc} = T^{-1} G = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H_{cc} = H T = C_0 I_0 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = C_0 I_0$$

$$d) \Theta = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}; \quad \Theta^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}; \quad t_2 = \Theta^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}; \quad t_1 = F \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{ENTÃO } T = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \text{ e } P = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$F_{cc} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$G_{cc} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

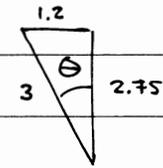
$$H_{cc} = C_0 I_0 \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = C_1 I_0$$

QUESTÃO #2:

a) FCO: $x' = \begin{bmatrix} -2.4 & 1 \\ -9 & 0 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} r$ $(u_1 = u_2 = 0)$
 $y = [1 \ 0] x$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 2.4s + 9}$$

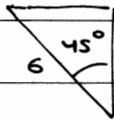
b) PÓLOS: $-1.2 \pm 2.75j$



$\sin \theta = \frac{1.2}{3} = 0.4 \rightarrow \text{OVERSHOOT: } 25\%$
 $t_r = \frac{1.8}{3} = 0.6 \text{ seg}$

c) $t_r = 0.3 \text{ seg} \rightarrow \omega_n = 6$

OVERSHOOT 5% $\rightarrow \theta = 45^\circ$



PÓLOS: $-3\sqrt{2} \pm 3\sqrt{2}j$

$$\alpha_c(s) = (s + 3\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{2}j)(s + 3\sqrt{2} - 3\sqrt{2}j) = s^2 + 6\sqrt{2}s + 36$$

$$|sI - F + GK| = \left| \begin{bmatrix} s+2.4 & -1 \\ 9 & s \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} [k_1 \ k_2] \right| = \left| \begin{bmatrix} s+2.4 & -1 \\ 9+k_1 & s+k_2 \end{bmatrix} \right|$$

$$= s^2 + \underbrace{(k_2 + 2.4)}_{8.49} s + \underbrace{k_1 + 2.4k_2 + 9}_{36}$$

$\hookrightarrow k_2 = 6.09 \quad \hookrightarrow k_1 = 12.38$

$$K = [12.38 \ 6.09]$$

d) $x' = \begin{bmatrix} -2.4 & 1 \\ -21.38 & -6.09 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} r$
 $y = [1 \ 0] x$

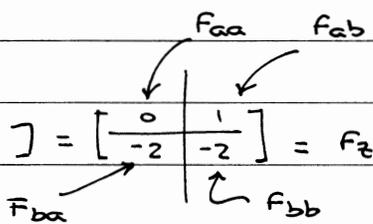
$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = [1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} s+2.4 & -1 \\ 21.38 & s+6.09 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = [1 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} s+6.09 & 1 \\ -21.38 & s+2.4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 8.49s + 36}$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{1}{s^2 + 8.49s + 36} \quad \left(\frac{b(s)}{\alpha_c(s)} \text{ ou.} \right)$$

QUESTÃO #3:

a) $P = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$; $T^{-1}FT = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -2 \end{bmatrix} = F_z$



$$G_z = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$H_z = [0 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = [1 \ 0]$$

b) $|sI - F_{bb} + LF_{ab}| = s + 2 + L = s + 10 \Rightarrow L = 8$

c) $K_z = K_T \Rightarrow K_z = [2 \ 1] \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} = [1 \ 2]$

$$F_r = -2 - 8 - (1) \times 2 = -12$$

$$G_r = -12 \times 8 - 2 - (1) \times 1 = -99$$

$$H_r = -2$$

$$J_r = -1 - 16 = -17$$

$$d) \quad D(s) = H_r (sI - F_r)^{-1} G_r + J_r = \frac{-2 \times (-99)}{s+12} - 17 = \frac{-(17s+6)}{s+12}$$

$$\text{VERIFICAÇÃO: } \alpha_c(s) \cdot \alpha_e(s) = (s^2 + 4s + 3)(s+10) = s^3 + 14s^2 + 43s + 30$$

↑
PORQUE: $\begin{matrix} s^2 + 2s + 2 & \text{(PLANTO)} \\ \downarrow +2 & \downarrow +1 & \text{(VETOR } k_x) \\ s^2 + 4s + 3 \end{matrix}$

$$\frac{G(s)}{1 - G(s)D(s)} = \frac{\frac{1}{s^2 + 2s + 2}}{1 + \frac{1}{s^2 + 2s + 2} \cdot \frac{17s+6}{s+12}} = \frac{s+12}{s^3 + 2s^2 + 2s + 12s^2 + 24s + 24 + 17s + 6} = \alpha_c(s) \alpha_e(s), \text{ CONFORME ESPERADO.}$$

QUESTÃO #4:

$$a) \quad \begin{cases} x_1' = -k_1 \hat{x}_1 - k_2 \hat{x}_2 + r \\ x_2' = x_1 \\ \hat{x}_1' = \ell_1 x_2 - \ell_1 \hat{x}_2 + m_1 r - k_1 \hat{x}_1 - k_2 \hat{x}_2 \\ \hat{x}_2' = \ell_2 x_2 - \ell_2 \hat{x}_2 + m_2 r + \hat{x}_1 \\ y = x_2 \end{cases}$$

OBS.: PLANTO: $x_1' = u$

$$x_2' = x_1 \Rightarrow$$

$$y = x_2$$

$$x' = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} u$$

* F ← G ←

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x \quad H$$

$$b) \quad |sI - F + GK| = \begin{vmatrix} s+k_1 & k_2 \\ -1 & s \end{vmatrix} = s^2 + k_1 s + k_2 = s^2 + 2s + 1$$

$$k_1 = 2 \text{ e } k_2 = 1 \Rightarrow K = [2 \ 1]$$

$$c) \quad |sI - F + LH| = \begin{vmatrix} s & \ell_1 \\ -1 & s+\ell_2 \end{vmatrix} = s^2 + \ell_2 s + \ell_1 = s^2 + 10s + 25$$

$$\ell_2 = 10 \text{ e } \ell_1 = 25 \Rightarrow L = \begin{bmatrix} 25 \\ 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$d) \quad |sI - F + GK + LH - MK| = \left| \begin{bmatrix} s+2 & 26 \\ -1 & s+10 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} m_1 \\ m_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \right|$$

↖ ↗
($\bar{N}=1$)

$$F - GK - LH = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 25 \\ 0 & 10 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & -26 \\ 1 & -10 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$|sI - F + GK + LH - MK| = \begin{vmatrix} s+2-2m_1 & 26-m_1 \\ -1-2m_2 & s+10-m_2 \end{vmatrix} = s^2 + (12-2m_1-m_2)s + 46-21m_1 + 50m_2$$

$$= s^2 + 6s + 5$$

ENTÃO : $\begin{cases} 2m_1 + m_2 = 6 \\ -21m_1 + 50m_2 = -41 \end{cases} \longrightarrow -121m_1 = -341 \longrightarrow m_1 = 2.82$
 $m_2 = 0.36$

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 2.82 \\ 0.36 \end{bmatrix}$$

QUESTÃO #5:

a) $x'_1 = f(x_1, u) = x_1^2 + u$

$f(x_{10}, u_0) = 0 \implies x_{10}^2 - 1 = 0 \xrightarrow{x_{10} < 0} x_{10} = -1$

b) $\left. \frac{\partial f}{\partial x_1} \right|_{x_1=x_{10}} = 2x_1 \Big|_{x_1=x_{10}} = -2 ; F = -2$

$\frac{\partial f}{\partial u} = 1 \longrightarrow G = 1$

$y = 2x \longrightarrow H = 2$

c) $F_i = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 2 \\ 0 & -2 \end{bmatrix} \quad G_i = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$|sI - F_i + G_i K| = \begin{vmatrix} s & -2 \\ K_1 & s + K_2 + 2 \end{vmatrix} = s^2 + (K_2 + 2)s + 2K_1$

$\alpha_c(s) = (s+4)(s+5) = s^2 + 9s + 20 \implies K_1 = 10 = K_i$

$K_2 = 7 = K_0$

$K = [K_i \ K_0] = [10 \ 7]$

